

## General Assembly

## **Amendment**

February Session, 2004

LCO No. 4016

\*HB0516804016HD0\*

Offered by:

REP. AMANN, 118<sup>th</sup> Dist. REP. O'ROURKE, 32<sup>nd</sup> Dist.

To: House Bill No. **5168** 

File No. 287

Cal. No. 205

"AN ACT AUTHORIZING MUNICIPALITIES TO ESTABLISH PROGRAMS FOR THE PUBLIC FINANCING OF CAMPAIGNS FOR ELECTION TO MUNICIPAL OFFICES."

- 1 Strike everything after the enacting clause and substitute the
- 2 following in lieu thereof:
- 3 "Section 1. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2004) As used in sections 1 to 4,
- 4 inclusive, and 6 to 22, inclusive, of this act:
- 5 (1) "Commission" means the State Elections Enforcement
- 6 Commission.
- 7 (2) "Convention" has the same meaning as provided in section 9-372
- 8 of the general statutes, as amended.
- 9 (3) "Depository account" means the single checking account at the
- depository institution designated as the depository for the candidate
- 11 committee's moneys in accordance with the provisions of subsection
- 12 (a) of section 9-333f of the general statutes, as amended.

(4) "Fund" means the Citizens' Election Fund established in section 2
 of this act.

- 15 (5) "General election campaign" means (A) in the case of a candidate 16 nominated at a primary, the period beginning on the day following the 17 primary and ending on the date the campaign treasurer files the final 18 statement for such campaign pursuant to section 9-333j of the general 19 statutes, as amended by this act, or (B) in the case of a candidate 20 nominated without a primary, the period beginning on the day 21 following the day on which the candidate is nominated and ending on 22 the date the campaign treasurer files the final statement for such 23 campaign pursuant to section 9-333j of the general statutes, as 24 amended by this act.
- (6) "Major party" has the same meaning as provided in section 9-372
  of the general statutes, as amended.
- 27 (7) "Minor party" has the same meaning as provided in section 9-372 of the general statutes, as amended.
- 29 (8) "Primary campaign" means the period beginning on the day 30 following the close of a convention and ending on the day of a primary 31 held for the purpose of nominating a candidate for an office.
  - (9) "Qualified candidate committee" means a candidate committee (A) established to aid or promote the success of any candidate for nomination or election to a state office and (B) approved by the commission to receive a grant from the Citizens' Election Fund under section 12 of this act.
  - (10) "Eligible petitioning party candidate" means a candidate for election to an office pursuant to part III C of chapter 153 of the general statutes whose nominating petition has been approved by the Secretary of the State pursuant to subsection (c) of section 9-4530 of the general statutes.
- 42 (11) "State office" means the office of Governor, Lieutenant

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Governor, Attorney General, State Comptroller, State Treasurer or Secretary of the State.

Sec. 2. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2004, and applicable to elections held in 2010, and thereafter) There is established, within the General Fund, a separate, nonlapsing account to be known as the "Citizens' Election Fund". The fund may contain any moneys required by law to be deposited in the fund. Investment earnings credited to the assets of the fund shall become part of the assets of the fund. The State Treasurer shall administer the fund. All moneys deposited in the fund shall be used for the purposes of sections 1 to 4, inclusive, and 6 to 22, inclusive, of this act. The State Elections Enforcement Commission may deduct and retain from the moneys in the fund an amount equal to the costs incurred by the commission in administering the provisions of said sections 1 to 4, inclusive, and 6 to 22, inclusive, provided said amount shall not exceed two per cent of the moneys deposited in the fund in any fiscal year. Any portion of said two per cent allocation which exceeds said costs incurred by the commission in any fiscal year shall continue to be available for any said costs incurred by the commission in subsequent fiscal years.

Sec. 3. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2004, and applicable to taxable years commencing on or after January 1, 2004) (a) (1) Any taxpayer filing a return under chapter 229 of the general statutes for taxable years commencing on or after January 1, 2004, whose income tax liability for the taxable year, before applying any credit under section 12-704c of the general statutes, as amended, is five dollars or more, may designate that five dollars of such tax liability shall be paid over to the Citizens' Election Fund established in section 2 of this act, by so indicating on the tax return. In the case of a husband and wife filing a joint return with an income tax liability of ten dollars or more, each spouse may designate that five dollars of such tax liability shall be paid over to the fund by so indicating on the tax return. Any designation made pursuant to this subdivision shall not increase the taxpayer's income tax liability.

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(2) Any taxpayer filing a return under chapter 229 of the general statutes for taxable years commencing on or after January 1, 2004, may contribute all or part of a refund under said chapter 229 to the Citizens' Election Fund established in section 2 of this act, by indicating on the tax return the amount to be contributed to the fund.

- (3) Any taxpayer filing a return under chapter 229 of the general statutes may contribute an additional amount to the Citizens' Election Fund established in section 2 of this act, by indicating on the tax return the amount to be contributed to the fund. Any contribution made pursuant to this subdivision shall be in addition to the amount of tax reported to be due on such return and shall be paid at the same time as the tax due on such return is paid and in the manner prescribed by the Commissioner of Revenue Services.
- (b) A contribution or designation made pursuant to this section shall be irrevocable upon the filing of the return. A taxpayer making a contribution or designation pursuant to this subsection shall so indicate on the tax return in a manner provided for by the Commissioner of Revenue Services pursuant to subsection (c) of this section.
- (c) A contribution of all or part of a refund shall be made in the full amount indicated if the refund found due the taxpayer upon the initial processing of the return, and after any deductions required by chapter 229 of the general statutes, is greater than or equal to the indicated contribution. If the refund due, as determined upon initial processing, and after any deductions required by said chapter 229, is less than the indicated contribution, the contribution shall be made in the full amount of the refund. The Commissioner of Revenue Services shall subtract the amount of any contribution of all or part of a refund from the amount of the refund initially found due the taxpayer and shall certify (1) the amount of the refund initially found due the taxpayer, (2) the amount of any such contribution, and (3) the amount of the difference to the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management and the State Treasurer for payment to the taxpayer in accordance with

said chapter 229. For the purposes of any subsequent determination of the taxpayer's net tax payment, such contribution shall be considered a part of the refund paid to the taxpayer.

- (d) The Commissioner of Revenue Services shall revise the income tax return form to implement the provisions of subsection (a) of this section. Such form shall include (1) a space on the return in which taxpayers may indicate their intention to make a contribution or designation in accordance with this section, and (2) instructions for payment of any contribution under subdivision (3) of subsection (a) of this section. The commissioner shall include in the instructions accompanying the tax return a description of the purposes for which the Citizens' Election Fund was established.
- (e) The Commissioner of Revenue Services, after notification of and approval by the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management, may deduct and retain from the moneys collected under subsections (a) to (d), inclusive, of this section an amount equal to the costs of administering this section, but not to exceed four per cent of such moneys collected in any fiscal year. The Commissioner of Revenue Services shall deposit the remaining moneys collected in the Citizens' Election Fund.
- Sec. 4. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2004, and applicable to taxable years commencing on or after January 1, 2004) (a) (1) Any taxpayer filing a return under chapter 208 of the general statutes for taxable years commencing on or after January 1, 2004, whose income tax liability for the taxable year, before applying any credits under chapter 208 of the general statutes, is five dollars or more, may designate that two hundred dollars of such tax liability or, if such tax liability is less than two hundred dollars, the full amount of such tax liability, shall be paid over to the Citizens' Election Fund established in section 2 of this act, by so indicating on the tax return. Any designation made pursuant to this subdivision shall not increase the taxpayer's income tax liability.
- 140 (2) Any taxpayer filing a return under chapter 208 of the general

141 statutes for taxable years commencing on or after January 1, 2004, may 142 contribute all or part of a refund under said chapter 208 to the Citizens' 143 Election Fund established in section 2 of this act, by indicating on the 144

tax return the amount to be contributed to the fund.

- (3) Any taxpayer filing a return under chapter 208 of the general statutes may contribute an additional amount to the Citizens' Election Fund established in section 2 of this act, by indicating on the tax return the amount to be contributed to the fund. Any contribution made pursuant to this subdivision shall be in addition to the amount of tax reported to be due on such return and shall be paid at the same time as the tax due on such return is paid and in the manner prescribed by the Commissioner of Revenue Services.
- (b) A contribution or designation made pursuant to this section shall be irrevocable upon the filing of the return. A taxpayer making a contribution or designation pursuant to this subsection shall so indicate on the tax return in a manner provided for by the Commissioner of Revenue Services pursuant to subsection (c) of this section.
- (c) A contribution of all or part of a refund shall be made in the full amount indicated if the refund found due the taxpayer upon the initial processing of the return, and after any deductions required by chapter 208 of the general statutes, is greater than or equal to the indicated contribution. If the refund due, as determined upon initial processing and after any deductions required by said chapter 208, is less than the indicated contribution, the contribution shall be made in the full amount of the refund. The Commissioner of Revenue Services shall subtract the amount of any contribution of all or part of a refund from the amount of the refund initially found due the taxpayer and shall certify (1) the amount of the refund initially due the taxpayer, (2) the amount of any such contribution, and (3) the amount of the difference to the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management and the State Treasurer for payment to the taxpayer in accordance with said chapter 208. For the purposes of any subsequent determination of the

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taxpayer's net tax payment, such contribution shall be considered a part of the refund paid to the taxpayer.

- (d) The Commissioner of Revenue Services shall revise the income tax return form to implement the provisions of subsection (a) of this section. Such form shall include (1) a space on the return in which taxpayers may indicate their intention to make a contribution or designation in accordance with this section, and (2) instructions for payment of any contribution under subdivision (3) of subsection (a) of this section. The commissioner shall include in the instructions accompanying the tax return a description of the purposes for which the Citizens' Election Fund was established.
- (e) The Commissioner of Revenue Services, after notification of and approval by the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management, may deduct and retain from the moneys collected under subsections (a) to (d), inclusive, of this section an amount equal to the costs of administering this section, but not to exceed four per cent of such moneys collected in any fiscal year. The Commissioner of Revenue Services shall deposit the remaining moneys collected in the Citizens' Election Fund.
- Sec. 5. Subsection (e) of section 9-333j of the general statutes, as amended by section 5 of public act 03-223 and section 62 of public act 03-241, is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective July 1, 2004, and applicable to elections held in 2010, and thereafter):
  - (e) (1) Notwithstanding any provisions of this chapter to the contrary, in the event of a surplus the campaign treasurer of a candidate committee or of a political committee, other than a political committee formed for ongoing political activities or an exploratory committee, shall distribute or expend such surplus [within] not later than ninety days after a primary which results in the defeat of the candidate, an election or referendum not held in November or by January thirty-first following an election or referendum held in

206 November, in the following manner:

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- (A) Such committees may distribute their surplus to a party committee, or a political committee organized for ongoing political activities, return such surplus to all contributors to the committee on a prorated basis of contribution, distribute all or any part of such surplus to the Citizens' Election Fund established in section 2 of this act or distribute such surplus to any charitable organization which is a tax-exempt organization under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, or any subsequent corresponding internal revenue code of the United States, as from time to time amended, provided (i) no candidate committee may distribute such surplus to a committee which has been established to finance future political campaigns of the candidate, and (ii) a candidate committee which received moneys from the Citizens' Election Fund shall distribute such surplus to such fund.
- (B) Each such political committee established by an organization which received its funds from the organization's treasury shall return its surplus to its sponsoring organization;
- (C) (i) Each political committee formed solely to aid or promote the success or defeat of any referendum question, which does not receive contributions from a business entity or an organization, shall distribute its surplus to a party committee, to a political committee organized for ongoing political activities, to a national committee of a political party, to all contributors to the committee on a prorated basis of contribution, to state or municipal governments or agencies or to any organization which is a tax-exempt organization under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, or any subsequent corresponding internal revenue code of the United States, as from time to time amended. [, (ii) each] (ii) Each political committee formed solely to aid or promote the success or defeat of any referendum question, which receives contributions from a business entity or an organization, shall distribute its surplus to all contributors to the committee on a prorated basis of contribution, to state or municipal governments or agencies, or to any organization which is tax-exempt under said provisions of the

Internal Revenue Code. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subsection, a committee formed for a single referendum shall not be required to expend its surplus within ninety days after the referendum and may continue in existence if a substantially similar referendum question on the same issue will be submitted to the electorate within six months after the first referendum. If two or more substantially similar referenda on the same issue are submitted to the electorate, each no more than six months apart, the committee shall expend such surplus within ninety days following the date of the last such referendum;

- (D) The campaign treasurer of the candidate committee of a candidate who is elected to office may, upon the authorization of such candidate, expend surplus campaign funds to pay for the cost of clerical, secretarial or other office expenses necessarily incurred by such candidate in preparation for taking office; except such surplus shall not be distributed for the personal benefit of any individual or to any organization; and
- (E) The campaign treasurer of a candidate committee, or of a political committee, other than a political committee formed for ongoing political activities or an exploratory committee, shall, prior to the dissolution of such committee, either (i) distribute any equipment purchased, including but not limited to computer equipment, to any recipient as set forth in subparagraph (A) of this subdivision, or (ii) sell any equipment purchased, including but not limited to computer equipment, to any person for fair market value and then distribute the proceeds of such sale to any recipient as set forth in said subparagraph (A).
- (2) Notwithstanding any provisions of this chapter to the contrary, the campaign treasurer of the candidate committee of a candidate who has withdrawn from a primary or election may, prior to the primary or election, distribute its surplus to any organization which is tax-exempt under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, or any subsequent corresponding internal revenue code of the United States,

272 as from time to time amended, or return such surplus to all contributors to the committee on a prorated basis of contribution.

- (3) [Within] Not later than seven days after such distribution or [within] not later than seven days after all funds have been expended in accordance with subparagraph (D) of subdivision (1) of this subsection, the campaign treasurer shall file a supplemental statement, sworn under penalty of false statement, with the proper authority, identifying all further contributions received since the previous statement and explaining how any surplus has been distributed or expended in accordance with this section. No surplus may be distributed or expended until after the election, primary or referendum.
- (4) In the event of a deficit the campaign treasurer shall file a supplemental statement ninety days after an election, primary or referendum not held in November or on the seventh calendar day in February, or the next business day if such day is a Saturday, Sunday or legal holiday, after an election or referendum held in November, with the proper authority and, thereafter, on the seventh day of each month following if on the last day of the previous month there was an increase or decrease in the deficit in excess of five hundred dollars from that reported on the last statement filed. The campaign treasurer shall file such supplemental statements as required until the deficit is eliminated. If any such committee does not have a surplus or a deficit, the statement required to be filed [within] not later than forty-five days following any election or referendum not held in November or on the seventh calendar day in January, or the next business day if such day is a Saturday, Sunday or legal holiday, following an election or referendum held in November, or [within] not later than thirty days following any primary shall be the last required statement.
- Sec. 6. (NEW) (*Effective July 1, 2004*) All payments of civil penalties or late fees imposed by the State Elections Enforcement Commission or the Secretary of the State under title 9 of the general statutes, which are received after the effective date of this section, shall be immediately

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transmitted to the State Treasurer for deposit in the Citizens' Election Fund established in section 2 of this act.

Sec. 7. (NEW) (*Effective July 1, 2004*) Any person, business entity, organization, party committee or political committee, as defined in section 9-333a of the general statutes, as amended, may contribute to the Citizens' Election Fund. Any such contribution shall be made by check or money order. The commission shall immediately transmit all contributions received pursuant to this section to the State Treasurer for deposit in the Citizens' Election Fund established in section 2 of this act.

Sec. 8. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2004, and applicable to elections held in 2010, and thereafter) (a) There is established a Citizens' Election Program under which (1) the candidate committee of a major party or minor party candidate for nomination to the office of Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Attorney General, State Comptroller, Secretary of the State or State Treasurer in 2010, or thereafter, may receive a grant from the Citizens' Election Fund for the candidate's primary campaign for said nomination, and (2) the candidate committee of a major party, minor party or eligible petitioning party candidate for election to the office of Governor, Attorney General, State Comptroller, Secretary of the State or State Treasurer in 2010, or thereafter, may receive a grant from the fund for the candidate's general election campaign for said office. Any such candidate committee is eligible to receive such grants for a primary campaign and a general election campaign if (A) the candidate certifies as a participating candidate under section 9 of this act, (B) the candidate's candidate committee receives the required amount of qualifying contributions under section 10 of this act, (C) the candidate's candidate committee returns all contributions that do not meet the criteria for qualifying contributions under section 10 of this act, (D) the candidate's exploratory committee, if any, returns all contributions that do not meet the criteria for qualifying contributions to a candidate committee under section 10 of this act, (E) the candidate agrees to limit campaign expenditures (i) before a primary campaign and a general election campaign, to the

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amount of qualifying contributions permitted in section 10 of this act, (ii) for a primary campaign, to the sum of the amount of qualifying contributions permitted in section 10 of this act that have not been spent before the primary campaign and the amount of the grant for the primary campaign authorized under section 11 of this act, and (iii) for a general election campaign, to the sum of the amount of qualifying contributions permitted in section 10 of this act that have not been spent before the general election campaign and the amount of the grant for the general election campaign authorized under section 11 of this act, and (F) the candidate complies with the provisions of section 12 of this act.

Sec. 9. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2004, and applicable to elections held in 2010, and thereafter) (a) Each major party and minor party candidate for nomination or election to a state office in 2010, or thereafter, and each petitioning candidate for election to a state office in 2010, or thereafter, shall file an affidavit with the State Elections Enforcement Commission, at the same time that the candidate files either a committee statement under subsection (a) of section 9-333f of the general statutes, as amended, or a certification under subsection (b) of said section 9-333f. The affidavit shall include a written certification that the candidate either intends to abide by the expenditure limits under the Citizens' Election Program set forth in section 8 of this act, or does not intend to abide by said limits. If the candidate intends to abide by such expenditure limits, the candidate shall also certify in the affidavit the candidate's status as a major party, minor party or petitioning candidate and, in the case of a major party or minor party candidate, the name of such party. No candidate who changes such status or becomes a candidate of a different party during a campaign shall be eligible thereafter to receive a grant under the Citizens' Election Program.

(b) A candidate who certifies the candidate's intent to abide by the expenditure limits under the Citizens' Election Program set forth in section 8 of this act shall be referred to in sections 1 and 8 to 22, inclusive, of this act as a "participating candidate" and a candidate who

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so certifies the candidate's intent to not abide by said limit shall be referred to in this section as a "nonparticipating candidate". The commission shall prepare a list of the participating candidates and a list of the nonparticipating candidates and shall make such lists available for public inspection.

- Sec. 10. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2004, and applicable to elections held in 2010, and thereafter) (a) The amount of qualifying contributions that the candidate committee of a candidate needs to receive in order to be eligible for grants from the Citizens' Election Fund shall be:
- (1) In the case of a candidate for nomination or election to the office of Governor, contributions from individuals in the aggregate amount of five hundred thousand dollars, of which four hundred fifty thousand dollars or more is contributed by individuals residing in the state, provided (A) no such contribution that exceeds five hundred dollars shall be considered in calculating such amounts, and (B) all contributions received by an exploratory committee that meets such criteria shall be considered in calculating such amounts; and
- (2) In the case of a candidate for nomination or election to the office of Lieutenant Governor, Attorney General, State Comptroller, State Treasurer or Secretary of the State, contributions from individuals in the aggregate amount of seventy-five thousand dollars, of which sixty-seven thousand five hundred dollars or more is contributed by individuals residing in the state, provided (A) no such contribution that exceeds two hundred fifty dollars shall be considered in calculating such amounts, and (B) all contributions received by an exploratory committee that meets such criteria shall be considered in calculating such amounts.
- (b) Each individual who makes a contribution to a candidate committee established to aid or promote the success of a participating candidate for nomination or election to a state office shall include the individual's name and address with the contribution. A contribution from an individual that does not include such information shall not be

deemed to be a qualifying contribution under subsection (a) of this section.

- Sec. 11. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2004, and applicable to elections held in 2010, and thereafter) (a) (1) The qualified candidate committee of a major party or minor party candidate for the office of Governor who has a primary for nomination to said office in 2010, or thereafter, shall be eligible to receive a grant from the fund for the primary campaign in the amount of one million dollars, subject to adjustment under subsection (c) of this section.
  - (2) The qualified candidate committee of a major party or minor party candidate for the office of Governor who is nominated in 2010, or thereafter, shall be eligible to receive a grant from the fund for the general election campaign in the amount of four million dollars, subject to adjustment under subsection (c) of this section.
  - (3) The qualified candidate committee of an eligible petitioning party candidate for the office of Governor in 2010, or thereafter, shall be eligible to receive a grant from the fund for the general election campaign in the amount of four million dollars, subject to adjustment under subsection (c) of this section.
- (b) (1) The qualified candidate committee of a major party or minor party candidate for the office of Lieutenant Governor, Attorney General, State Comptroller, Secretary of the State or State Treasurer who has a primary for nomination to said office in 2010, or thereafter, shall be eligible to receive a grant from the fund for the primary campaign in the amount of five hundred thousand dollars, subject to adjustment under subsection (c) of this section.
  - (2) The qualified candidate committee of a candidate for the office of Attorney General, State Comptroller, Secretary of the State or State Treasurer who is nominated in 2010, or thereafter, shall be eligible to receive a grant from the fund for the general election campaign in the amount of seven hundred fifty thousand dollars, subject to adjustment under subsection (c) of this section.

(3) The qualified candidate committee of an eligible petitioning party candidate for the office of Attorney General, State Comptroller, Secretary of the State or State Treasurer in 2010, or thereafter, shall be eligible to receive a grant from the fund for the general election campaign in the amount of seven hundred fifty thousand dollars, subject to adjustment under subsection (c) of this section.

- (c) On January 15, 2010, and quadrennially thereafter, the commission shall adjust the amounts of the grants in subsections (a) and (b) of this section in accordance with any change during the preceding four calendar years in the Consumer Price Index for all urban consumers as published by the United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.
- (d) No grant under this section may be applied to a deficit incurred by a candidate committee.
  - Sec. 12. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2004, and applicable to elections held in 2010, and thereafter) (a) (1) A candidate for nomination to the office of Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Attorney General, State Comptroller, Secretary of the State or State Treasurer in 2010, or thereafter, may apply to the State Elections Enforcement Commission for a grant from the fund under the Citizens' Election Program for a primary campaign, after the close of the state convention of the candidate's party that is called for the purpose of choosing candidates for nomination for the office that the candidate is seeking, if a primary is required under chapter 153 of the general statutes, as amended, and (A) said party endorses the candidate for the office that the candidate is seeking, (B) the candidate receives at least fifteen per cent of the votes of the convention delegates present and voting on any roll-call vote taken on the endorsement or proposed endorsement of a candidate for the office the candidate is seeking, or (C) the candidate circulates a petition and obtains the required number of signatures for filing a candidacy for nomination for said office pursuant to section 9-400 of the general statute, as amended.

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(2) A candidate for election to the office of Governor, Attorney General, State Comptroller, Secretary of the State or State Treasurer in 2010, or thereafter, may apply to the State Elections Enforcement Commission for a grant from the fund under the Citizens' Election Program for a general election campaign, (A) after the close of the state convention of the candidate's party that is called for the purpose of choosing candidates for nomination for the office that the candidate is seeking, if (i) said party endorses said candidate for the office that the candidate is seeking and no other candidate of said party files a certificate of candidacy with the Secretary of the State in accordance with the provisions of section 9-400 of the general statutes, (ii) the candidate receives at least fifteen per cent of the votes of the convention delegates present and voting on any roll-call vote taken on the endorsement or proposed endorsement of a candidate for the office the candidate is seeking, no other candidate for said office at such convention either receives the party endorsement or said percentage of said votes for said endorsement or files a certificate of endorsement with the Secretary of the State in accordance with the provisions of section 9-388 of the general statutes or a certificate of candidacy with the Secretary of the State in accordance with the provisions of section 9-400 of the general statutes, and no other candidate for said office circulates a petition and obtains the required number of signatures for filing a candidacy for nomination for said office pursuant to section 9-400 of the general statute, as amended, or (iii) the candidate circulates a petition and obtains the required number of signatures for filing a candidacy for nomination for said office pursuant to section 9-400 of the general statute, as amended, and no other candidate for said office at such convention either receives the party endorsement or said percentage of said votes for said endorsement or files a certificate of endorsement with the Secretary of the State in accordance with the provisions of section 9-388 of the general statutes or a certificate of candidacy with the Secretary of the State in accordance with the provisions of section 9-400 of the general statutes, (B) after any primary held by such party for nomination for said office, if the Secretary of the State declares that the candidate is the party nominee in accordance

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504 with the provisions of section 9-440 of the general statutes, or (C) in the 505 case of a petitioning party candidate, after approval by the Secretary of 506 the State of such candidate's nominating petition pursuant to 507 subsection (c) of section 9-4530 of the general statutes.

- (b) The application shall include a written certification that:
- 509 (1) The candidate committee has received the required amount of 510 qualifying contributions;
- 511 (2) The candidate committee has repaid all moneys borrowed on 512 behalf of the campaign, as required by subsection (b) of section 12 of 513 this act;
- 514 (3) The candidate committee has returned any contribution from an 515 individual who does not include the individual's name and address 516 with the contribution;
- 517 (4) The candidate committee and exploratory committee have 518 returned all contributions or portions of contributions that do not meet 519 the criteria for qualifying contributions under section 10 of this act;
- 520 (5) The campaign treasurer of the candidate committee shall comply 521 with the provisions of sections 1 and 8 to 22, inclusive, of this act;
- 522 (6) All moneys received from the fund shall be deposited upon 523 receipt into the depository account of the candidate committee;
- 524 (7) The campaign treasurer of the candidate committee shall expend 525 all moneys received from the fund in accordance with the provisions of 526 subsection (g) of section 9-333i of the general statutes; and
- 527 (8) If the candidate withdraws from the campaign, becomes 528 ineligible or dies during the campaign, the candidate committee of the 529 candidate shall return to the commission, for deposit in the fund, all 530 moneys received from the fund pursuant to sections 1 and 8 to 22, 531 inclusive, of this act which said candidate committee has not spent as of the date of such occurrence.

(c) The application shall be accompanied by a cumulative itemized accounting of all funds received, expenditures made and expenses incurred but not yet paid by the candidate committee as of three days before the date that the application is signed. Such accounting shall be sworn to under penalty of false statement by the campaign treasurer of the candidate committee. The commission shall prescribe the form of the application and the cumulative itemized accounting, after consulting with the Secretary of the State. The form for such accounting shall conform to the requirements of section 9-333j of the general statutes, as amended by this act. Both the candidate and the campaign treasurer of the candidate committee shall sign the application.

(d) Not later than three business days following receipt of any such application, the commission shall review the application, determine whether the candidate committee for the applicant (1) has received the required qualifying contributions, and (2) in the case of an application for a grant from the fund for a primary campaign or a general election campaign, the applicant has met the applicable condition under subsection (a) of this section for applying for such moneys and, if so, determine the amount of the grant payable to the candidate committee from the fund and notify the State Comptroller and the candidate of such candidate committee, of such amount. Not later than two business days following notification by the commission, the State Comptroller shall draw an order on the State Treasurer for payment of such amount to the qualified candidate committee from the fund.

Sec. 13. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2004, and applicable to elections held in 2010, and thereafter) Following the initial deposit of moneys from the fund into the depository account of a qualified candidate committee, no contribution, loan, amount of the candidate's own moneys or any other moneys received by the candidate or the campaign treasurer on behalf of the committee shall be deposited into said depository account, except (1) grants from the fund, and (2) any additional moneys from the fund as provided in sections 16 and 17 of this act.

Sec. 14. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2004, and applicable to elections held in 2010, and thereafter) A qualified candidate committee which received moneys from the fund for a primary campaign and whose candidate is the party nominee shall receive moneys from the fund for a general election campaign. Upon receiving verification from the Secretary of the State of the declaration by the Secretary of the State in accordance with the provisions of section 9-440 of the general statutes, as amended, of the results of the votes cast at the primary, the commission shall notify the State Comptroller of the amount payable to such qualified candidate committee. Not later than two business days following notification by the commission, the State Comptroller shall draw an order on the State Treasurer for payment of the general election campaign grant to said committee from said fund.

Sec. 15. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2004, and applicable to elections held in 2010, and thereafter) (a) For purposes of this section, expenditures made to aid or promote the success of both a candidate for nomination or election to the office of Governor and a candidate for nomination or election to the office of Lieutenant Governor jointly, shall be considered expenditures made to aid or promote the success of a candidate for nomination or election to the office of Governor. The party-endorsed candidate for nomination or election to the office of Lieutenant Governor and the party-endorsed candidate for nomination or election to the office of Governor shall be deemed to be aiding or promoting the success of both candidates jointly upon the earliest of the following: (1) The primary, whether held for the office of Governor, the office of Lieutenant Governor, or both; (2) if no primary is held for the office of Governor or Lieutenant Governor, the convention; or (3) a declaration by the party-endorsed candidates that they shall campaign jointly. Any other candidate for nomination or election to the office of Lieutenant Governor shall be deemed to be aiding or promoting the success of such candidacy for the office of Lieutenant Governor and the success of a candidate for nomination or election to the office of Governor jointly upon a declaration by the candidates that they shall campaign jointly.

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(b) The candidate committee formed to aid or promote the success of a candidate for nomination or election to the office of Lieutenant Governor, the candidate of which campaigns jointly with a candidate for nomination or election to the office of Governor, shall be dissolved as of the applicable date set forth in subsection (a) of this section. Not later than fifteen days after the applicable date set forth in subsection (a) of this section, the campaign treasurer of the candidate committee formed to aid or promote the success of said candidate for nomination or election to the office of Lieutenant Governor shall file a statement with the proper authority under section 9-333e of the general statutes, as amended by this act, identifying all contributions received or expenditures made by the committee since the previous statement and the balance on hand or deficit, as the case may be. Not later than thirty days after the applicable date set forth in subsection (a) of this section, (1) the campaign treasurer of a qualified candidate committee formed to aid or promote the success of said candidate for nomination or election to the office of Lieutenant Governor shall distribute any surplus to the fund, and (2) the campaign treasurer of a nonqualified candidate committee formed to aid or promote the success of said candidate for nomination or election to the office of Lieutenant Governor shall distribute such surplus in accordance with the provisions of subsection (e) of section 9-333j of the general statutes, as amended by this act.

Sec. 16. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2004, and applicable to elections held in 2010, and thereafter) (a) A qualified candidate committee may borrow moneys on behalf of a campaign for a primary or a general election from one or more financial institutions, as defined in section 36a-41 of the general statutes, in an aggregate amount not to exceed one thousand dollars. The amount borrowed shall not constitute a qualifying contribution. No individual, political committee or party committee, except the candidate or, in a general election, the state central committee of a political party, shall endorse or guarantee such a loan in an aggregate amount in excess of five hundred dollars. An endorsement or guarantee of such a loan shall constitute a contribution

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by such individual or committee for so long as the loan is outstanding.
The amount endorsed or guaranteed by such individual or committee
shall cease to constitute a contribution upon repayment of the amount

endorsed or guaranteed.

- (b) All such loans shall be repaid in full prior to the date a candidate committee applies for the moneys from the fund pursuant to section 12 of this act. The candidate shall certify to the commission that such loans were repaid. A candidate who fails to repay such loans or fails to certify such repayment to the commission shall not be eligible to receive and shall not receive moneys from the fund.
- Sec. 17. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2004, and applicable to elections held in 2010, and thereafter) (a) A qualified candidate committee which receives a grant from the fund pursuant to section 12 of this act and makes expenditures in excess of an expenditure limit set forth in section 8 of this act (1) shall repay to the fund the full amount of such grant, (2) shall not receive any additional moneys from the fund for the remainder of the election cycle, (3) shall be subject to civil penalties under section 9-7b of the general statutes, as amended by this act, and (4) shall be deemed to be a nonparticipating candidate for the purposes of sections 1 and 8 to 22, inclusive, of this act.
  - (b) A candidate whose candidate committee fails to return any surplus grant funds to the fund within ninety days after a primary or an election, whichever is applicable shall be subject to the penalties for larceny under sections 53a-122 to 53a-125b, inclusive, of the general statutes depending on the amount involved.
  - Sec. 18. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2004, and applicable to elections held in 2010, and thereafter) (a) Additional moneys from the fund shall be paid to a qualified candidate committee which received moneys from the fund if the committee of an opposing candidate makes expenditures in excess of an expenditure limit set forth in section 8 of this act. Such additional moneys from the fund shall be paid to a qualified candidate committee which received moneys from the fund (1) regardless of

whether the candidate committee which makes expenditures in excess of the applicable expenditure limit has received moneys from the fund, (2) in an amount equal to the greatest amount of expenditures in excess of the applicable expenditure limit which the committee of an opposing candidate has made expenditures, but not more than one hundred per cent of the amount of moneys that the qualified candidate committee has received from the fund, and (3) immediately following the commission's verification that the committee of an opposing candidate has made expenditures in excess of the applicable expenditure limit.

(b) If a nonparticipating candidate makes or incurs the obligation to make an excess expenditure more than twenty days before the day of a primary or election, the candidate shall file a declaration of excess expenditures not later than forty-eight hours after making or incurring the expenditure. If a nonparticipating candidate makes or incurs the obligation to make an excess expenditure twenty days or less before the day of a primary or election, the candidate shall file a declaration of excess expenditures not later than twenty-four hours after making or incurring the expenditure. The commission may determine whether any expenditure by a nonparticipating candidate shall be deemed an excess expenditure.

Sec. 19. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2004, and applicable to elections held in 2010, and thereafter) Upon the receipt of a report under subsection (e) of section 9-333n of the general statutes, as amended by this act, that an independent expenditure has been made or obligated to be made, with the intent to promote the defeat of a candidate whose candidate committee has received a grant under the Citizens' Election Program, the commission shall immediately notify the State Comptroller that additional money, equal to the amount of the independent expenditure, shall be paid to said candidate committee. Not later than two business days following notification by the commission, the State Comptroller shall draw an order on the State Treasurer for payment of such amount to said candidate committee from the fund. The provisions of this section shall be subject to the following:

(1) The maximum aggregate amount of funding that the qualified candidate committee of a participating candidate shall receive to match the independent expenditures made or obligated to be made on behalf of an opposing participating candidate shall not be greater than one hundred per cent of the total moneys that said candidate committee has received from the fund.

- (2) The maximum aggregate amount of funding that the qualified candidate committee of a participating candidate shall receive to match the independent expenditures and the excess expenditures of a nonparticipating candidate shall not be greater than two hundred per cent of the total moneys that said candidate committee has received from the fund.
- (3) Such additional funding shall be granted to the qualified candidate committee of a participating candidate opposed by a nonparticipating candidate only if the nonparticipating candidate's campaign expenditures, combined with the amount of the independent expenditures, exceed the applicable permitted expenditure amount for the participating candidate, during the general election campaign.
  - Sec. 20. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2004, and applicable to elections held in 2010, and thereafter) The campaign treasurer for each candidate for election to state office in 2010, or thereafter shall file campaign finance statements with the office of the Secretary of the State (1) according to the same schedules as required of a campaign treasurer of a candidate committee under section 9-333j of the general statutes, as amended by this act, until receiving contributions, receipts and grants totaling seventy-five per cent of the applicable expenditure limit for a general election campaign, as set forth in section 8 of this act, and (2) then, notwithstanding said schedule in section 9-333j of the general statutes, as amended by this act, on the second Thursday of each month between the beginning of the fourth month preceding the day of the election and then on each Thursday until the day of the election.

Said statements shall be prepared in the same manner as statements required under section 9-333j of the general statutes, as amended by this act. If a campaign treasurer fails to file any statement required by this section (A) within the time required, or (B) with both the Secretary of the State and the commission, such campaign treasurer shall be subject to a civil penalty imposed by the commission, of not more than one thousand dollars for each such failure under subparagraph (A) or (B) of subdivisions (1) and (2) of this section.

Sec. 21. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2004, and applicable to elections held in 2010, and thereafter) The Secretary of the State shall provide to each committee whose candidate has filed an affidavit under subsection (a) of section 9 of this act certifying that the candidate intends to abide by the applicable expenditure limits under the Citizens' Election Program, a copy of the voter registration list for state, which is generated from the state-wide centralized voter registration system established pursuant to the plan authorized under section 1 of special act 91-45 and completed pursuant to public act 03-117. The Secretary shall provide the copy in electronic format, free of charge.

Sec. 22. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2004, and applicable to elections held in 2010, and thereafter) (a) Not later than June 1, 2005, and annually thereafter, the State Elections Enforcement Commission shall issue a report on the status of the Citizens' Election Fund during the previous calendar year. Such report shall include the amount of moneys deposited in the fund, the sources of moneys received by category, the number of contributions, the number of contributors, the amount of moneys expended by category, the recipients of moneys distributed from the fund and an accounting of the costs incurred by the commission in administering the provisions of sections 1 to 4, inclusive, and 6 to 22, inclusive, of this act. Not later than May 15, 2005, and annually thereafter, the Commissioner of Revenue Services shall submit to the commission the information in the possession of the commissioner which the commission needs to complete such report.

(b) Not later than January first in any year in which an election for

state offices is to be held, the commission shall determine whether the amount of moneys in the fund is sufficient to carry out the purposes of sections 1 to 4, inclusive, and 6 to 22, inclusive, of this act. If the commission determines that such amount is not sufficient to carry out such purposes, the commission shall, not later than three days after such later determination, (1) determine the percentage of the fund's obligations that can be met for such election, (2) recalculate the amount of each payment that a qualified candidate committee is entitled to receive under section 12 of this act by multiplying such percentage by the amount that the committee would have been entitled to receive under section 12 of this act if there were a sufficient amount of moneys in the fund, and (3) notify each applicant for moneys from the fund of such insufficiency, percentage and applicable recalculation. After a qualified candidate committee first receives any such recalculated payment, the committee may resume accepting contributions and making expenditures from such contributions, provided no qualified candidate committee which receives such recalculated payments from the fund shall accept contributions in excess of the amount of moneys which the committee was entitled to receive from the fund but did not receive from the fund. The commission shall also issue a report on said determination.

(c) The commission shall establish a reserve account in the fund. The first twenty-five thousand dollars deposited in the fund during any year shall be placed in said account. The commission shall use moneys in the reserve account only during the seven days preceding an election for payments to candidates (1) whose payments were reduced under subsection (b) of this section, or (2) who are entitled to funding to match, during said seven-day period, independent expenditures pursuant to section 19 of this act.

Sec. 23. Section 9-333a of the general statutes, as amended by section 10 of public act 03-241, is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective January 1, 2007, and applicable to elections held in 2010, and thereafter*):

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As used in this chapter <u>and sections 1 to 4, inclusive, and 6 to 22, inclusive, of this act</u>:

- (1) "Committee" means a party committee, political committee or a candidate committee organized, as the case may be, for a single primary, election or referendum, or for ongoing political activities, to aid or promote the success or defeat of any political party, any one or more candidates for public office or the position of town committee member or any referendum question.
- (2) "Party committee" means a state central committee or a town committee. "Party committee" does not mean a party-affiliated or district, ward or borough committee which receives all of its funds from the state central committee of its party or from a single town committee with the same party affiliation. Any such committee so funded shall be construed to be a part of its state central or town committee for purposes of this chapter and sections 1 to 4, inclusive, and 6 to 22, inclusive, of this act.
- (3) "Political committee" means (A) a committee organized by a business entity or organization, (B) persons other than individuals, or two or more individuals organized or acting jointly conducting their activities in or outside the state, (C) a committee established by a candidate to determine the particular public office to which [he] such candidate shall seek nomination or election, and referred to in this chapter as an exploratory committee, or (D) a committee established by or on behalf of a slate of candidates in a primary for the office of justice of the peace, but does not mean a candidate committee or a party committee.
- (4) "Candidate committee" means any committee designated by a single candidate, or established with the consent, authorization or cooperation of a candidate, for the purpose of a single primary or election and to aid or promote [his] such candidate's candidacy alone for a particular public office or the position of town committee member, but does not mean a political committee or a party

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- (5) "National committee" means the organization which according to the bylaws of a political party is responsible for the day-to-day operation of the party at the national level.
- (6) "Organization" means all labor organizations, (A) as defined in the Labor-Management Reporting and Disclosure Act of 1959, as from time to time amended, or (B) as defined in subdivision (9) of section 31-101, employee organizations as defined in subsection (d) of section 5-270 and subdivision (6) of section 7-467, bargaining representative organizations for teachers, any local, state or national organization, to which a labor organization pays membership or per capita fees, based upon its affiliation or membership, and trade or professional associations which receive their funds exclusively from membership dues, whether organized in or outside of this state, but does not mean a candidate committee, party committee or a political committee.
- (7) "Business entity" means the following, whether organized in or outside of this state: Stock corporations, banks, insurance companies, business associations, bankers associations, insurance associations, trade or professional associations which receive funds from membership dues and other sources, partnerships, joint ventures, private foundations, as defined in Section 509 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, or any subsequent corresponding internal revenue code of the United States, as from time to time amended; trusts or estates; corporations organized under sections 38a-175 to 38a-192, inclusive, 38a-199 to 38a-209, inclusive, and 38a-214 to 38a-225, inclusive, and chapters 594 to 597, inclusive; cooperatives, and any other association, organization or entity which is engaged in the operation of a business or profit-making activity; but does not include professional service corporations organized under chapter 594a and owned by a single individual, nonstock corporations which are not engaged in business or profit-making activity, organizations, as defined in subdivision (6) of this section, candidate committees, party committees and political committees as defined in this section. For purposes of this chapter,

corporations which are component members of a controlled group of corporations, as those terms are defined in Section 1563 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, or any subsequent corresponding internal revenue code of the United States, as from time to time amended, shall be deemed to be one corporation.

- (8) "Individual" means a human being, a sole proprietorship, or a professional service corporation organized under chapter 594a and owned by a single human being.
- (9) "Person" means an individual, committee, firm, partnership, organization, association, syndicate, company trust, corporation, limited liability company or any other legal entity of any kind but does not mean the state or any political or administrative subdivision of the state.
- (10) "Candidate" means an individual who seeks nomination for election or election to public office whether or not such individual is elected, and for the purposes of this chapter and sections 1 to 4, inclusive, and 6 to 22, inclusive, of this act an individual shall be deemed to seek nomination for election or election if [he] such individual has (A) been endorsed by a party or become eligible for a position on the ballot at an election or primary, or (B) solicited or received contributions, made expenditures or given [his] such individual's consent to any other person to solicit or receive contributions or make expenditures with the intent to bring about [his] such individual's nomination for election or election to any such office. "Candidate" also means a slate of candidates which is to appear on the ballot in a primary for the office of justice of the peace. For the purposes of sections 9-333 to 9-333l, inclusive, as amended by this act, and section 9-333w, "candidate" also means an individual who is a candidate in a primary for town committee members.
- (11) "Campaign treasurer" means the individual appointed by a candidate or by the [chairman] <u>chairperson</u> of a party committee or a political committee to receive and disburse funds on behalf of the

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- 896 candidate or committee.
- 897 (12) "Deputy campaign treasurer" means the individual appointed 898 by the candidate or by the [chairman] <u>chairperson</u> of a committee to 899 serve in the capacity of the campaign treasurer if the campaign 900 treasurer is unable to perform [his] <u>the campaign treasurer's</u> duties.
- 901 (13) "Solicitor" means an individual appointed by a campaign 902 treasurer of a committee to receive, but not to disburse, funds on 903 behalf of the committee.
- 904 (14) "Referendum question" means a question to be voted upon at 905 any election or referendum, including a proposed constitutional 906 amendment.
- 907 (15) "Lobbyist" means a lobbyist as defined in subsection (l) of section 1-91.
- (16) "Business with which he is associated" means any business in which the contributor is a director, officer, owner, limited or general partner or holder of stock constituting five per cent or more of the total outstanding stock of any class. Officer refers only to the president, executive or senior vice-president or treasurer of such business.
  - (17) "Independent expenditure" means an expenditure that is made without the consent, knowing participation, or consultation of, a candidate or agent of the candidate committee. "Independent expenditure" does not include an expenditure (A) if there is any coordination or direction with respect to the expenditure between the candidate or the treasurer, deputy treasurer or [chairman] <a href="mailto:chairperson">chairperson</a> of [his] <a href="mailto:such">such</a> candidate committee and the person making the expenditure, or (B) if, during the same election cycle, the individual making the expenditure serves or has served as the treasurer, deputy treasurer or [chairman] <a href="mailto:chairperson">chairperson</a> of the candidate committee.
- 924 (18) "Federal account" means a depository account that is subject to 925 the disclosure and contribution limits provided under the Federal

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926 Election Campaign Act of 1971, as amended from time to time.

- 927 (19) "Public funds" means funds belonging to, or under the control 928 of, the state or a political subdivision of the state.
- 929 Sec. 24. Section 9-333b of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective January 1, 2007, and*
- 931 applicable to elections held in 2010, and thereafter):
- 932 (a) As used in this chapter <u>and sections 1 to 4, inclusive, and 6 to 22,</u> 933 <u>inclusive, of this act,</u> "contribution" means:
- (1) Any gift, subscription, loan, advance, payment or deposit of money or anything of value, made for the purpose of influencing the nomination for election, or election, of any person or for the purpose of aiding or promoting the success or defeat of any referendum question or on behalf of any political party;
- 939 (2) A written contract, promise or agreement to make a contribution 940 for any such purpose;
- (3) The payment by any person, other than a candidate or campaign treasurer, of compensation for the personal services of any other person which are rendered without charge to a committee or candidate for any such purpose;
- (4) An expenditure when made by a person with the cooperation of, or in consultation with, any candidate, candidate committee or candidate's agent or which is made in concert with, or at the request or suggestion of, any candidate, candidate committee or candidate's agent; or
- 950 (5) Funds received by a committee which are transferred from 951 another committee or other source for any such purpose.
- 952 (b) As used in this chapter <u>and sections 1 to 4, inclusive, and 6 to 22,</u> 953 <u>inclusive, of this act</u>, "contribution" does not mean:

954 (1) A loan of money made in the ordinary course of business by a 955 national or state bank;

- (2) Any communication made by a corporation, organization or association to its members, owners, stockholders, executive or administrative personnel, or their families;
- 959 (3) Nonpartisan voter registration and get-out-the-vote campaigns 960 by any corporation, organization or association aimed at its members, 961 owners, stockholders, executive or administrative personnel, or their 962 families;
- 963 (4) Uncompensated services provided by individuals volunteering 964 their time;
  - (5) The use of real or personal property, and the cost of invitations, food or beverages, voluntarily provided by an individual to a candidate or on behalf of a state central or town committee, in rendering voluntary personal services for candidate or party-related activities at the individual's residence, to the extent that the cumulative value of the invitations, food or beverages provided by the individual on behalf of any single candidate does not exceed two hundred dollars with respect to any single election, and on behalf of all state central and town committees does not exceed four hundred dollars in any calendar year;
  - (6) The sale of food or beverage for use in a candidate's campaign or for use by a state central or town committee at a discount, if the charge is not less than the cost to the vendor, to the extent that the cumulative value of the discount given to or on behalf of any single candidate does not exceed two hundred dollars with respect to any single election, and on behalf of all state central and town committees does not exceed four hundred dollars in a calendar year;
- 982 (7) Any unreimbursed payment for travel expenses made by an 983 individual who on the individual's own behalf volunteers the 984 individual's personal services to any single candidate to the extent the

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cumulative value does not exceed two hundred dollars with respect to any single election, and on behalf of all state central or town committees does not exceed four hundred dollars in a calendar year;

- (8) The payment, by a party committee, political committee or an individual, of the costs of preparation, display, mailing or other distribution incurred by the committee or individual with respect to any printed slate card, sample ballot or other printed list containing the names of three or more candidates;
- (9) The donation of any item of personal property by an individual to a committee for a fund-raising affair, including a tag sale or auction, or the purchase by an individual of any such item at such an affair, to the extent that the cumulative value donated or purchased does not exceed fifty dollars;
- (10) The purchase of advertising space which clearly identifies the purchaser, in a program for a fund-raising affair, provided the cumulative purchase of such space does not exceed two hundred fifty dollars from any single candidate or the candidate's committee with respect to any single election campaign or two hundred fifty dollars from any single party committee or other political committee in any calendar year if the purchaser is a business entity or fifty dollars for purchases by any other person;
- (11) The payment of money by a candidate to the candidate's candidate committee;
- 1008 (12) The donation of goods or services by a business entity to a 1009 committee for a fund-raising affair, including a tag sale or auction, to 1010 the extent that the cumulative value donated does not exceed one 1011 hundred dollars;
- 1012 (13) The advance of a security deposit by an individual to a 1013 telephone company, as defined in section 16-1, for telecommunications 1014 service for a committee, provided the security deposit is refunded to 1015 the individual;

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(14) The provision of facilities, equipment, technical and managerial support, and broadcast time by a community antenna television company, as defined in section 16-1, for community access programming pursuant to section 16-331a, unless (A) the major purpose of providing such facilities, equipment, support and time is to influence the nomination or election of a candidate, or (B) such facilities, equipment, support and time are provided on behalf of a political party; or

- (15) The sale of food or beverage by a town committee to an individual at a town fair, county fair or similar mass gathering held within the state, to the extent that the cumulative payment made by any one individual for such items does not exceed fifty dollars.
- Sec. 25. Subsection (a) of section 9-333e of the general statutes, as amended by section 11 of public act 03-241, is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective January 1, 2007, and applicable to elections held in 2010, and thereafter*):
  - (a) Statements filed by party committees, political committees formed to aid or promote the success or defeat of a referendum question proposing a constitutional convention, constitutional amendment or revision of the Constitution, individual lobbyists, and those political committees and candidate committees formed to aid or promote the success or defeat of any candidate for the office of Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of the State, State Treasurer, Comptroller, Attorney General, judge of probate and members of the General Assembly, shall be filed with the office of the Secretary of the State. On and after January 1, 2010, a copy of each statement filed by a candidate committee formed to aid or promote the success of any candidate for the office of Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of the State, State Treasurer, State Comptroller or Attorney General, shall be filed at the same time with the commission. A copy of each statement filed by a town committee shall be filed at the same time with the town clerk of the municipality in which the committee is situated. A political committee formed for a slate of candidates in a

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primary for the office of justice of the peace shall file statements with both the Secretary of the State and the town clerk of the municipality in which the primary is to be held.

- Sec. 26. Subsection (a) of section 9-333m of the general statutes, as amended by section 13 of public act 03-241, is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective January 1, 2007, and applicable to elections held in 2010, and thereafter*):
- 1056 (a) No individual shall make a contribution or contributions to, for 1057 the benefit of, or pursuant to the authorization or request of, a 1058 candidate or a committee supporting or opposing any candidate's 1059 campaign for nomination at a primary, or any candidate's campaign 1060 for election, to the office of (1) Governor, in excess of two thousand 1061 five hundred dollars for a primary or an election held in 2006, and in 1062 excess of one thousand dollars for a primary and an election held in 1063 2010, or thereafter; (2) Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of the State, 1064 State Treasurer, State Comptroller or Attorney General, in excess of 1065 one thousand five hundred dollars for a primary or an election held in 1066 2006, and in excess of seven hundred fifty dollars for a primary and an 1067 election held in 2010, or thereafter; (3) chief executive officer of a town, 1068 city or borough, in excess of one thousand dollars; (4) state senator or 1069 probate judge, in excess of five hundred dollars; or (5) state 1070 representative or any other office of a municipality not [previously] 1071 specifically included in this subsection, in excess of two hundred fifty 1072 dollars. [The] Except for contributions to, or for the benefit of, a 1073 candidate's campaign for election in 2010, or thereafter to the office of 1074 Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of the State, State Treasurer, 1075 State Comptroller, or Attorney General, the limits imposed by this 1076 subsection shall be applied separately to primaries and elections.
- Sec. 27. Subsection (e) of section 9-333n of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective* 1079 *January 1, 2007, and applicable to elections held in 2010, and thereafter*):
- 1080 (e) (1) Any individual acting alone may, independent of any

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candidate, agent of the candidate, or committee, make unlimited expenditures to promote the success or defeat of any candidate's campaign for election, or nomination at a primary, to any office or position. [, provided] Except as provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection, any individual who makes an independent expenditure or expenditures in excess of one thousand dollars to promote the success or defeat of any candidate's campaign for election, or nomination at a primary, to any such office or position shall file statements according to the same schedule and in the same manner as is required of a campaign treasurer of a candidate committee under section 9-333j, as amended by this act.

(2) Any person who, on or after January 1, 2010, makes or obligates to make an independent expenditure, as defined in section 9-333a, as amended by this act, intended to promote the success or defeat of a candidate for state office, as defined in section 1 of this act, which exceeds one thousand dollars, in the aggregate, during a primary campaign or a general election campaign, as defined in section 1 of this act, shall file a report of such independent expenditure to the State Elections Enforcement Commission. The report shall be in the same form as statements filed under section 9-333j, as amended by this act. If the person makes or obligates to make such independent expenditure more than twenty days before the day of a primary or election, the person shall file such report not later than forty-eight hours after such payment or obligation. If the person makes or obligates to make such independent expenditure twenty days or less before the day of a primary or election, the person shall file such report not later than twenty-four hours after such payment or obligation. The report shall be filed under penalty of false statement.

(3) The independent expenditure report in subdivision (2) of this subsection shall include a statement (A) identifying the candidate for whom the independent expenditure is intended to promote the success or defeat, (B) affirming that the expenditure is totally independent and involves no cooperation or coordination with or direction from a candidate or a political party, and (C) affirming that the individual

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making the expenditure has not served or does not serve as treasurer, deputy treasurer or chairperson of the candidate committee during the same election cycle.

- 1118 (4) Any person may file a complaint with the commission upon the
  1119 belief that (A) any such independent expenditure report or statement
  1120 is false, or (B) any person who is required to file an independent
  1121 expenditure report under subdivision (2) of this subsection has failed
  1122 to do so. The commission shall make a prompt determination on such
  1123 a complaint.
- Sec. 28. Subsection (d) of section 9-3330 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective* 1126 *January* 1, 2007, and applicable to elections held in 2010, and thereafter):
- 1127 (d) A political committee organized by a business entity shall not 1128 make a contribution or contributions to or for the benefit of any 1129 candidate's campaign for nomination at a primary or any candidate's 1130 campaign for election to the office of: (1) Governor, in excess of five 1131 thousand dollars for a primary or an election held in 2006, and in 1132 excess of three thousand five hundred dollars for a primary and an 1133 election held in 2010, or thereafter; (2) Lieutenant Governor, Secretary 1134 of the State, State Treasurer, State Comptroller or Attorney General, in 1135 excess of three thousand dollars for a primary or an election held in 1136 2006, and in excess of two thousand dollars for a primary and an 1137 election held in 2010, or thereafter; (3) state senator, probate judge or chief executive officer of a town, city or borough, in excess of one 1138 1139 thousand dollars; (4) state representative, in excess of five hundred 1140 dollars; or (5) any other office of a municipality not included in 1141 subdivision (3) of this subsection, in excess of two hundred fifty 1142 dollars; or an exploratory committee, in excess of two hundred fifty 1143 dollars. [The] Except for contributions to, or for the benefit of, a 1144 candidate's campaign for election in 2010, or thereafter to the office of 1145 Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of the State, State Treasurer, State Comptroller, or Attorney General, the limits imposed by this 1146 1147 subsection shall apply separately to primaries and elections and

contributions by any such committee to candidates designated in this 1148 1149 subsection shall not exceed one hundred thousand dollars in the 1150 aggregate for any single election and primary preliminary thereto. 1151 Contributions to such committees shall also be subject to the 1152 provisions of section 9-333t, as amended by this act, in the case of 1153 committees formed for ongoing political activity or section 9-333u, as 1154 amended by this act, in the case of committees formed for a single 1155 election or primary.

- Sec. 29. Section 9-333q of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective January 1, 2007, and applicable to elections held in 2010, and thereafter*):
- 1159 (a) No political committee established by an organization shall 1160 make a contribution or contributions to, or for the benefit of, any 1161 candidate's campaign for nomination at a primary or for election to the 1162 office of: (1) Governor, in excess of two thousand five hundred dollars; 1163 (2) Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of the State, State Treasurer, State 1164 Comptroller or Attorney General, in excess of one thousand five 1165 hundred dollars; (3) chief executive officer of a town, city or borough, 1166 in excess of one thousand dollars; (4) state senator or probate judge, in 1167 excess of five hundred dollars; or (5) state representative or any other 1168 office of a municipality not [previously] specifically included in this subsection, in excess of two hundred fifty dollars. 1169
  - (b) No such committee shall make a contribution or contributions to, or for the benefit of, an exploratory committee, in excess of two hundred fifty dollars. Any such committee may make unlimited contributions to a political committee formed solely to aid or promote the success or defeat of a referendum question.
- 1175 (c) [The] Except for contributions to, or for the benefit of, a
  1176 candidate's campaign for election in 2010, or thereafter to the office of
  1177 Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of the State, State Treasurer,
  1178 State Comptroller, or Attorney General, the limits imposed by
  1179 subsection (a) of this section shall apply separately to primaries and

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elections and no such committee shall make contributions to the candidates designated in this section which in the aggregate exceed fifty thousand dollars for any single election and primary preliminary thereto.

- (d) No political committee established by an organization shall make contributions in any one calendar year to, or for the benefit of, (1) the state central committee of a political party, in excess of five thousand dollars; (2) a town committee, in excess of one thousand dollars; or (3) any political committee, other than an exploratory committee or a committee formed solely to aid or promote the success or defeat of a referendum question, in excess of two thousand dollars.
- (e) No political committee established by an organization shall make contributions to the committees designated in subsection (d) of this section, which in the aggregate exceed fifteen thousand dollars in any one calendar year. Contributions to a political committee established by an organization shall also be subject to the provisions of section 9-333t, as amended by this act, in the case of a committee formed for ongoing political activity or section 9-333u, as amended by this act, in the case of a committee formed for a single election or primary.
- Sec. 30. Subsection (b) of section 9-333y of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective January 1, 2007, and applicable to elections held in 2010, and thereafter*):
- (b) If any campaign treasurer or lobbyist fails to file the statements required by section 9-333j, as amended by this act, or subsection (g) of section 9-333l, as the case may be, within the time required, [he] the campaign treasurer of lobbyist shall pay a late filing fee of fifty-five dollars. In the case of a statement that is required to be filed with the Secretary of the State, the secretary shall, within ten days after the filing deadline, notify by certified mail, return receipt requested, the person required to file that, if such statement is not filed within twenty-one days after the deadline, the person is in violation of said section or subsection. If the person does not file such statement within

1212 twenty-one days after the deadline, the secretary shall notify the State 1213 Elections Enforcement Commission within twenty-eight days after the 1214 deadline. In the case of a copy of a statement that is required to be filed 1215 with the State Elections Enforcement Commission, the commission 1216 shall, not later than ten days after the filing deadline, notify by 1217 certified mail, return receipt requested, the person required to file that 1218 if such statement is not filed within twenty-one days after the deadline 1219 the person is in violation of section 9-333j, as amended by this act. In 1220 the case of a statement that is required to be filed with a town clerk, the 1221 town clerk shall forthwith after the filing deadline notify by certified 1222 mail, return receipt requested, the person required to file that, if such 1223 statement is not filed within seven days after receiving such notice, the 1224 town clerk shall notify the State Elections Enforcement Commission 1225 that the person is in violation of said section or subsection. The penalty 1226 for any violation of said section or subsection shall be a fine of not 1227 more than one thousand dollars or imprisonment for not more than 1228 one year or both.

- Sec. 31. Section 9-7b of the general statutes, as amended by section 2 of public act 03-223 and sections 53 and 65 of public act 03-241, is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective January 1*, 2007, and applicable to elections held in 2010, and thereafter):
- 1233 (a) The State Elections Enforcement Commission shall have the 1234 following duties and powers:
  - (1) To make investigations on its own initiative or with respect to statements filed with the commission by the Secretary of the State or any town clerk, or upon written complaint under oath by any individual, with respect to alleged violations of any provision of the general statutes or sections 1 to 4, inclusive, and 6 to 22, inclusive, of this act, relating to any election or referendum, any primary held pursuant to section 9-423, 9-425 or 9-464 or any primary held pursuant to a special act, and to hold hearings when the commission deems necessary to investigate violations of any provisions of the general statutes or sections 1 to 4, inclusive, and 6 to 22, inclusive, of this act,

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relating to any such election, primary or referendum, and for the purpose of such hearings the commission may administer oaths, examine witnesses and receive oral and documentary evidence, and shall have the power to subpoena witnesses under procedural rules the commission shall adopt, to compel their attendance and to require the production for examination of any books and papers which the commission deems relevant to any matter under investigation or in question. In connection with its investigation of any alleged violation of any provision of chapter 145, or of any provision of section 9-359 or section 9-359a, the commission shall also have the power to subpoena any municipal clerk and to require the production for examination of any absentee ballot, inner and outer envelope from which any such ballot has been removed, depository envelope containing any such ballot or inner or outer envelope as provided in sections 9-150a and 9-150b and any other record, form or document as provided in section 9-150b, in connection with the election, primary or referendum to which the investigation relates. In case of a refusal to comply with any subpoena issued pursuant to this subsection or to testify with respect to any matter upon which that person may be lawfully interrogated, the superior court for the judicial district of Hartford, on application of the commission, may issue an order requiring such person to comply with such subpoena and to testify; failure to obey any such order of the court may be punished by the court as a contempt thereof. In any matter under investigation which concerns the operation or inspection of or outcome recorded on any voting machine, the commission may issue an order to the municipal clerk to impound such machine until the investigation is completed;

(2) To levy a civil penalty not to exceed (A) two thousand dollars per offense against any person the commission finds to be in violation of any provision of chapter 145, part V of chapter 146, part I of chapter 147, chapter 148, section 9-12, subsection (a) of section 9-17, section 9-19b, 9-19e, 9-19g, 9-19h, 9-19i, 9-20, 9-21, 9-23a, 9-23g, 9-23h, 9-23j to 9-23o, inclusive, 9-26, 9-31a, 9-32, 9-35, 9-35b, 9-35c, 9-40a, 9-42, 9-43, 9-50a, 9-56, 9-59, 9-168d, 9-170, 9-171, 9-172, 9-409, 9-410, 9-412, 9-436, 9-

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436a, 9-453e to 9-453h, inclusive, 9-453k, 9-453o, [or] sections 1 to 3, inclusive, of [this act] public act 03-241, or sections 1 to 4, inclusive, and 6 to 22, inclusive, of this act, or (B) two thousand dollars per offense or twice the amount of any improper payment or contribution, whichever is greater, against any person the commission finds to be in violation of any provision of chapter 150. The commission may levy a civil penalty against any person under subparagraph (A) or (B) of this subdivision only after giving the person an opportunity to be heard at a hearing conducted in accordance with sections 4-176e to 4-184, inclusive. In the case of failure to pay any such penalty levied pursuant to this subsection [within] not later than thirty days of written notice sent by certified or registered mail to such person, the superior court for the judicial district of Hartford, on application of the commission, may issue an order requiring such person to pay the penalty imposed and such court costs, state marshal's fees and attorney's fees incurred by the commission as the court may determine. Any civil penalties paid, collected or recovered under subparagraph (B) of this subdivision for a violation of any provision of chapter 150 applying to the office of the Treasurer shall be deposited on a pro rata basis in any trust funds, as defined in section 3-13c, affected by such violation;

(3) (A) To issue an order requiring any person the commission finds to have received any contribution or payment which is prohibited by any of the provisions of chapter 150, after an opportunity to be heard at a hearing conducted in accordance with the provisions of sections 4-176e to 4-184, inclusive, to return such contribution or payment to the donor or payor, or to remit such contribution or payment to the state for deposit in the General Fund, whichever is deemed necessary to effectuate the purposes of chapter 150;

(B) To issue an order when the commission finds that an intentional violation of any provision of chapter 150 has been committed, after an opportunity to be heard at a hearing conducted in accordance with sections 4-176e to 4-184, inclusive, which order may contain one or more of the following sanctions: (i) Removal of a campaign treasurer, deputy campaign treasurer or solicitor; (ii) prohibition on serving as a

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campaign treasurer, deputy campaign treasurer or solicitor, for a period not to exceed four years; and (iii) in the case of a party committee or a political committee, suspension of all political activities, including, but not limited to, the receipt of contributions and the making of expenditures, provided the commission may not order such a suspension unless the commission has previously ordered the removal of the campaign treasurer and notifies the officers of the committee that the commission is considering such suspension;

- (C) To issue an order revoking any person's eligibility to be appointed or serve as an election, primary or referendum official or unofficial checker or in any capacity at the polls on the day of an election, primary or referendum, when the commission finds such person has intentionally violated any provision of the general statutes relating to the conduct of an election, primary or referendum, after an opportunity to be heard at a hearing conducted in accordance with sections 4-176e to 4-184, inclusive;
- 1329 (4) To issue an order to a candidate committee which receives
  1330 moneys from the Citizens' Election Fund pursuant to sections 1 to 4,
  1331 inclusive, and 6 to 22, inclusive, of this act, to comply with the
  1332 provisions of said sections after an opportunity to be heard at a
  1333 hearing conducted in accordance with the provisions of sections 4-176e
  1334 to 4-184, inclusive;
  - [(4)] (5) To inspect or audit at any reasonable time and upon reasonable notice the accounts or records of any campaign treasurer or principal campaign treasurer, as required by chapter 150 and sections 1 to 4, inclusive, and 6 to 22, inclusive, of this act, and to audit any such election, primary or referendum held within the state; provided, (A) (i) not later than two months preceding the day of an election at which a candidate is seeking election, the commission shall complete any audit it has initiated in the absence of a complaint that involves a committee of the same candidate from a previous election, and (ii) during the two-month period preceding the day of an election at which a candidate is seeking election, the commission shall not initiate an audit

in the absence of a complaint that involves a committee of the same candidate from a previous election, and (B) the commission shall not audit any caucus, as defined in subdivision (1) of section 9-372;

- [(5)] (6) To attempt to secure voluntary compliance, by informal methods of conference, conciliation and persuasion, with any provision of chapters 149 to 153, inclusive, or any other provision of the general statutes relating to any such election, primary or referendum;
- **[**(6)**]** (7) To consult with the Secretary of the State, the Chief State's Attorney or the Attorney General on any matter which the commission deems appropriate;
  - [(7)] (8) To refer to the Chief State's Attorney evidence bearing upon violation of any provision of chapters 149 to 153, inclusive, or any other provision of the general statutes or sections 1 to 4, inclusive, and 6 to 22, inclusive, of this act, pertaining to or relating to any such election, primary or referendum;
  - [(8)] (9) To refer to the Attorney General evidence for injunctive relief and any other ancillary equitable relief in the circumstances of subdivision [(7)] (8) of this [section] <u>subsection</u>. Nothing in this subdivision shall preclude a person who claims that [he] <u>such person</u> is aggrieved by a violation of any provision of chapter 152 or any other provision of the general statutes relating to referenda from pursuing injunctive and any other ancillary equitable relief directly from the Superior Court by the filing of a complaint;
  - [(9)] (10) To refer to the Attorney General evidence pertaining to any ruling which the commission finds to be in error made by election officials in connection with any election, primary or referendum. Those remedies and procedures available to parties claiming to be aggrieved under the provisions of sections 9-323, 9-324, as amended by this act, 9-328 and 9-329a shall apply to any complaint brought by the Attorney General as a result of the provisions of this subdivision;

[(10)] (11) To consult with the United States Department of Justice and the United States Attorney for Connecticut on any investigation pertaining to a violation of this section, section 9-12, subsection (a) of section 9-17 or section 9-19b, 9-19e, 9-19g, 9-19h, 9-19i, 9-20, 9-21, 9-23a, 9-23g, 9-23h, 9-23j to 9-23o, inclusive, 9-26, 9-31a, 9-32, 9-35, 9-35b, 9-35c, 9-40a, 9-42, 9-43, 9-50a, 9-56 or 9-59 and to refer to said department and attorney evidence bearing upon any such violation for prosecution under the provisions of the National Voter Registration Act of 1993, P.L. 103-31, as amended from time to time;

[(11)] (12) To inspect reports filed with the Secretary of the State and with town clerks pursuant to chapter 150 and refer to the Chief State's Attorney evidence bearing upon any violation of law therein if such violation was committed knowingly and wilfully;

[(12)] (13) To intervene in any action brought pursuant to the provisions of sections 9-323, 9-324, as amended by this act, 9-328 and 9-329a upon application to the court in which such action is brought when in the opinion of the court it is necessary to preserve evidence of possible criminal violation of the election laws;

[(13)] (14) To adopt and publish regulations pursuant to chapter 54 to carry out the provisions of section 9-7a, this section, sections 1 to 4, inclusive, and 6 to 22, inclusive, of this act, and chapter 150; to issue upon request and publish advisory opinions in the Connecticut Law Journal upon the requirements of chapter 150 and sections 1 to 4, inclusive, and 6 to 22, inclusive, of this act, and to make recommendations to the General Assembly concerning suggested revisions of the election laws;

[(14)] (15) To the extent that the Elections Enforcement Commission is involved in the investigation of alleged or suspected criminal violations of any provision of the general statutes or sections 1 to 4, inclusive, and 6 to 22, inclusive, of this act, pertaining to or relating to any such election, primary or referendum and is engaged in such investigation for the purpose of presenting evidence to the Chief

1409 State's Attorney, the Elections Enforcement Commission shall be

- 1410 deemed a law enforcement agency for purposes of subdivision (3) of
- subsection (b) of section 1-210, provided nothing in this section shall be
- 1412 construed to exempt the Elections Enforcement Commission in any
- 1413 other respect from the requirements of the Freedom of Information
- 1414 Act, as defined in section 1-200;
- [(15)] (16) To enter into such contractual agreements as may be
- 1416 necessary for the discharge of its duties, within the limits of its
- 1417 appropriated funds and in accordance with established procedures;
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- [(16)] (17) To provide the Secretary of the State with notice and
- 1420 copies of all decisions rendered by the commission in contested cases,
- 1421 advisory opinions and declaratory judgments, at the time such
- decisions, judgments and opinions are made or issued.
- (b) In the case of a refusal to comply with an order of the
- 1424 commission issued pursuant to subdivision (3) of subsection (a) of this
- 1425 section, the superior court for the judicial district of Hartford, on
- 1426 application of the commission, may issue a further order to comply.
- 1427 Failure to obey such further order may be punished by the court as a
- 1428 contempt thereof.
- Sec. 32. Section 9-324 of the general statutes is repealed and the
- 1430 following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective January 1, 2007, and
- 1431 *applicable to elections held in 2010, and thereafter):*
- Any elector or candidate who claims that [he] such elector or
- 1433 candidate is aggrieved by any ruling of any election official in
- 1434 connection with any election for Governor, Lieutenant Governor,
- 1435 Secretary of the State, State Treasurer, Attorney General, State
- 1436 Comptroller or judge of probate, held in [his] such elector's or
- 1437 <u>candidate's</u> town, or that there has been a mistake in the count of the
- 1438 votes cast at such election for candidates for said offices or any of
- them, at any voting district in [his] such elector's or candidate's town,
- or any candidate for such an office who claims that [he] such candidate

is aggrieved by a violation of any provision of [sections] section 9-355, 9-357 to 9-361, inclusive, 9-364, 9-364a or 9-365 in the casting of absentee ballots at such election or any candidate for the office of Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of the State, State Treasurer, Attorney General or State Comptroller, who claims that such candidate is aggrieved by a violation of any provision of sections 1 to 4, inclusive, and 6 to 22, inclusive, of this act, may bring [his] such elector's or candidate's complaint to any judge of the Superior Court, in which [he] such elector or candidate shall set out the claimed errors of such election official, the claimed errors in the count or the claimed violations of said sections. In any action brought pursuant to the provisions of this section, the complainant shall send a copy of the complaint by first-class mail, or deliver a copy of the complaint by hand, to the State Elections Enforcement Commission. If such complaint is made prior to such election, such judge shall proceed expeditiously to render judgment on the complaint and shall cause notice of the hearing to be given to the Secretary of the State and the State Elections Enforcement Commission. If such complaint is made subsequent to the election, it shall be brought [within] not later than fourteen days of the election and such judge shall forthwith order a hearing to be had upon such complaint, upon a day not more than five nor less than three days from the making of such order, and shall cause notice of not less than three nor more than five days to be given to any candidate or candidates whose election may be affected by the decision upon such hearing, to such election official, the Secretary of the State, the State Elections Enforcement Commission and to any other party or parties whom such judge deems proper parties thereto, of the time and place for the hearing upon such complaint. Such judge shall, on the day fixed for such hearing and without unnecessary delay, proceed to hear the parties. If sufficient reason is shown, [he] such judge may order any voting machines to be unlocked or any ballot boxes to be opened and a recount of the votes cast, including absentee ballots, to be made. Such judge shall thereupon, in case [he] such judge finds any error in the rulings of the election official, any mistake in the count of the votes or any violation of said sections, certify the result of [his]

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1476 such judge's finding or decision to the Secretary of the State before the 1477 fifteenth day of the next succeeding December. Such judge may order a 1478 new election or a change in the existing election schedule. Such 1479 certificate of such judge of [his] such judge's finding or decision shall 1480 be final and conclusive upon all questions relating to errors in the 1481 rulings of such election officials, to the correctness of such count, and, 1482 for the purposes of this section only, such claimed violations, and shall 1483 operate to correct the returns of the moderators or presiding officers, 1484 so as to conform to such finding or decision, unless the same is 1485 appealed from as provided in section 9-325.

- Sec. 33. Subsections (b) and (c) of section 9-348ee of the general statutes, are repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective January 1, 2007, and applicable to elections held in 2010, and thereafter*):
- 1490 (b) On and after January 1, [1999] 2007, the campaign treasurer of 1491 the candidate committee for each candidate for nomination or election 1492 to the office of Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Attorney General, 1493 State Comptroller, State Treasurer or Secretary of the State who raises 1494 or spends [two hundred fifty] one hundred thousand dollars or more 1495 during an election campaign shall file in electronic form all financial 1496 disclosure statements required by [said] section 9-333j, as amended by 1497 this act, by either transmitting disks, tapes or other electronic storage 1498 media containing the contents of such statements to the office of the 1499 Secretary of the State or transmitting the statements on-line to said 1500 office. Each such campaign treasurer shall use either (1) a software 1501 program created by the Secretary of the State under subdivision (1) of 1502 subsection (a) of this section, for all such statements filed on or after 1503 January 1, [1999] 2007, or (2) another software program which 1504 provides for the standard reporting format, and complies with the 1505 specifications, which are prescribed by the secretary under subdivision 1506 (2) of subsection (a) of this section, for all such statements filed on or 1507 after [July 1, 1999] January 1, 2007. The office of the Secretary of the 1508 State shall accept any statement that uses any such software program. 1509 Once any such candidate committee has raised or spent [two hundred

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fifty thousand dollars or more] <u>said amount</u> during an election campaign, all previously filed statements required by said section 9-333j, <u>as amended by this act</u>, which were not filed in electronic form shall be refiled in such form, using such a software program, not later than the date on which the campaign treasurer of the committee is required to file the next regular statement under said section 9-333j, <u>as amended by this act</u>.

(c) On and after January 1, [1999] 2007, (1) the campaign treasurer of the candidate committee for any other candidate, as defined in section 9-333a, as amended, who is required to file the financial disclosure statements required by section 9-333j, as amended by this act, with the office of the Secretary of the State and (2) the campaign treasurer of any political committee or party committee, may file in electronic form any financial disclosure statements required by said section 9-333j, as amended by this act. Such filings may be made by either transmitting disks, tapes or other electronic storage media containing the contents of such statements to the proper authority under section 9-333e, as amended, or transmitting the statements on-line to such proper authority. Each such campaign treasurer shall use either (A) a software program created by the Secretary of the State under subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of this section, for all such statements filed in electronic form on or after January 1, [1999] 2007, or (B) another software program which provides for the standard reporting format, and complies with the specifications, which are prescribed by the secretary under subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of this section, for all such statements filed in electronic form on or after [July 1, 1999] January 1, 2007. The proper authority under section 9-333e, as amended, shall accept any statement that uses any such software program.

Sec. 34. Section 9-348gg of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective January 1, 2007, and applicable to elections held in 2010, and thereafter*):

On and after January 1, [2000] 2007, the Secretary of the State shall make all computerized data from statements required by section 9-

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333j, as amended by this act, available to the public, not later than two business days after the statements are filed, through (1) computer terminals in the Office of the Secretary of the State and, if feasible, at remote access locations and (2) the Internet or any other generally available on-line computer network."

This act shall take effect as follows:	
Section 1	July 1, 2004
Sec. 2	July 1, 2004, and applicable to elections held in 2010,
	and thereafter
Sec. 3	July 1, 2004, and applicable to taxable years commencing
	on or after January 1, 2004
Sec. 4	July 1, 2004, and applicable to taxable years commencing
	on or after January 1, 2004
Sec. 5	July 1, 2004, and applicable to elections held in 2010,
	and thereafter
Sec. 6	July 1, 2004
Sec. 7	July 1, 2004
Sec. 8	July 1, 2004, and applicable to elections held in 2010,
	and thereafter
Sec. 9	July 1, 2004, and applicable to elections held in 2010,
	and thereafter
Sec. 10	July 1, 2004, and applicable to elections held in 2010,
0 11	and thereafter
Sec. 11	July 1, 2004, and applicable to elections held in 2010,
C 10	and thereafter
Sec. 12	July 1, 2004, and applicable to elections held in 2010,
C 10	and thereafter
Sec. 13	July 1, 2004, and applicable to elections held in 2010,
Co. 14	and thereafter  July 1, 2004, and applicable to elections held in 2010,
Sec. 14	and thereafter
Sec. 15	July 1, 2004, and applicable to elections held in 2010,
Sec. 15	and thereafter
Sec. 16	July 1, 2004, and applicable to elections held in 2010,
	and thereafter
Sec. 17	July 1, 2004, and applicable to elections held in 2010,
566. 17	and thereafter
Sec. 18	July 1, 2004, and applicable to elections held in 2010,
	and thereafter
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Sec. 19	July 1, 2004, and applicable to elections held in 2010,
	and thereafter
Sec. 20	July 1, 2004, and applicable to elections held in 2010,
	and thereafter
Sec. 21	July 1, 2004, and applicable to elections held in 2010,
300. 21	and thereafter
Sec. 22	July 1, 2004, and applicable to elections held in 2010,
Sec. 22	
	and thereafter
Sec. 23	January 1, 2007, and applicable to elections held in 2010,
	and thereafter
Sec. 24	January 1, 2007, and applicable to elections held in 2010,
	and thereafter
Sec. 25	January 1, 2007, and applicable to elections held in 2010,
<i>3ec. 23</i>	
	and thereafter
Sec. 26	January 1, 2007, and applicable to elections held in 2010,
	and thereafter
Sec. 27	January 1, 2007, and applicable to elections held in 2010,
	and thereafter
Sec. 28	January 1, 2007, and applicable to elections held in 2010,
300. 20	and thereafter
Sec. 29	January 1, 2007, and applicable to elections held in 2010,
Sec. 29	, ,
	and thereafter
Sec. 30	January 1, 2007, and applicable to elections held in 2010,
	and thereafter
Sec. 31	January 1, 2007, and applicable to elections held in 2010,
	and thereafter
Sec. 32	January 1, 2007, and applicable to elections held in 2010,
Sec. 02	and thereafter
Co. 22	J
Sec. 33	January 1, 2007, and applicable to elections held in 2010,
	and thereafter
Sec. 34	January 1, 2007, and applicable to elections held in 2010,
	and thereafter